

MITSUBISHI GAS CHEMICAL

LATEST UPDATE ON OXYCAPT™ MULTILAYER PLASTIC VIAL AND SYRINGE

Tomohiro Suzuki, Associate General Manager at Mitsubishi Gas Chemical Company, gives an update on the development of the OXYCAPT™ multilayer plastic vial and syringe – highlighting the results of recent tests comparing it with existing glass syringes.

OXYCAPT™ is a multilayer plastic vial and syringe. It consists of three layers (Figure 1): the drug contact layer and outer layer, both made from cyclo-olefin polymer (COP);

and the oxygen barrier layer, which is made from a proprietary, novel polyester.

Thanks to its state-of-the-art multilayer technology, OXYCAPT™ has excellent oxygen barrier and high water vapour barrier properties, very low extractables, low protein adsorption, excellent ultraviolet (UV) barrier properties, high break resistance, high pH stability and a silicone-oil free barrel.

Although COP is the most promising candidate when it comes to replacing glass with plastic, the oxygen barrier

“We have recently decided to invest in a facility for the stacked-needle syringe. The necessary equipment will be installed during 2020.”

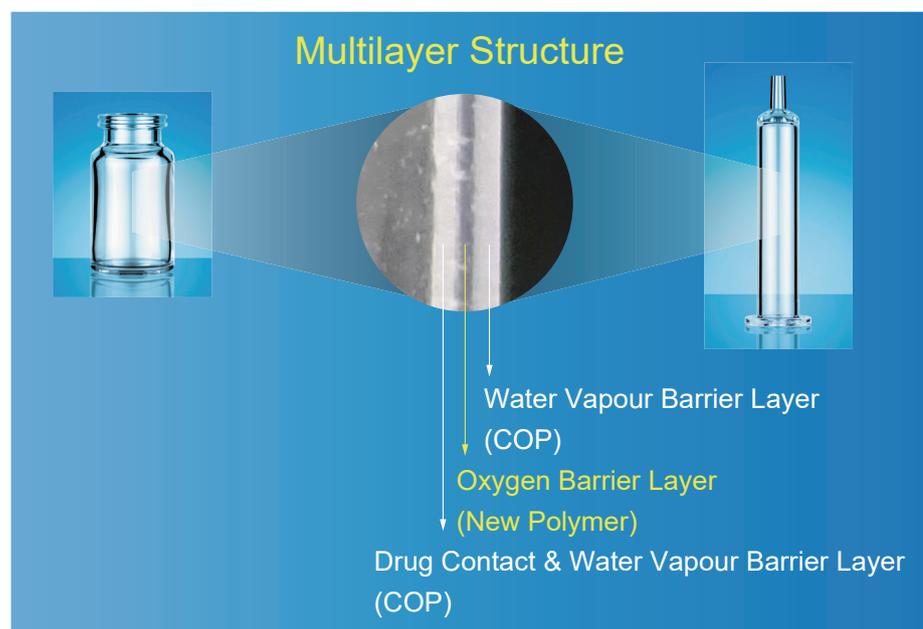


Figure 1: Multilayer structure of OXYCAPT vial and syringe.



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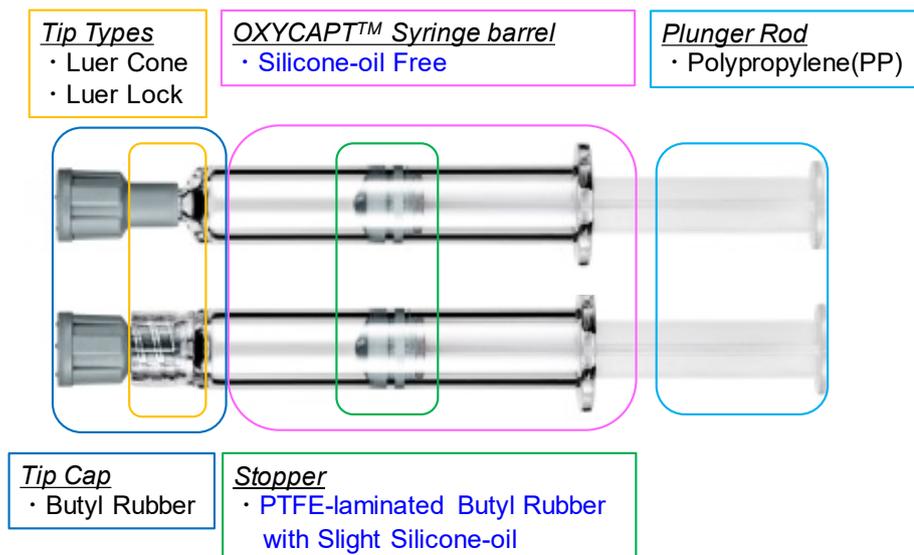


Figure 2: Components of OXYCAPT syringe.

is insufficient for oxygen-sensitive drugs. According to one of our experiments, the oxygen barrier of COP is more than 100 times worse than the existing glass-syringe system. We therefore started developing multilayer plastic vials and syringes about seven years ago to ameliorate the disadvantages of a COP vial and syringe.

To begin with, as a manufacturer of special polymers, we developed a new polymer that has excellent oxygen barrier properties and is suitable for multilayer injection moulding. The new polymer

for the middle layer is a kind of polyester filled in US Drug Master Files and compliant with US and European pharmacopoeias.

In parallel with the new polymer, we developed innovative multilayer injection moulding techniques. Such injection moulding technology has been applied to beverage bottles for many years – it contributes to preventing oxidation and carbon-dioxide evaporation of drinks. Our idea was to transfer the technology to the vial and syringe in the pharma industry.

The OXYCAPT syringe consists of several components (Figure 2). There are two types of tips, and the stopper is made of polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)-laminated butyl rubber with a small amount of silicone oil. To minimise the protein-aggregation problem (Figure 3) caused by silicone oil, no silicone oil is baked on the inside of the barrel.

We tried to confirm the influence of minimised silicone oil on biologics, and conducted protein aggregation studies. The commercially available antibody was filled into OXYCAPT and Type 1 glass syringes, and the syringes were shaken at 500 rpm for one week at room temperature. A week later, tiny sub-visible particles were measured by resonant mass measurement (RMM), and large sub-visible particles and visible particles were measured by dynamic image analysis

“The amount of silicone oil leached from the OXYCAPT™ syringe was about seven times less than that from the Type 1 glass syringe.”

Sample preparation

Sample solution

- Well-known antibody, Surfactant removed, Dialysis treatment performed, Adjusted to pH 7 and diluted

Syringe barrels and stoppers

- Type 1 Glass (with silicone)
- Stoppers (with slight silicone)
- OXYCAPT™ (silicone-free)

Test method

- Filled with 1 mL solution and 5 mm headspace
- Shaken at 500 rpm for 1 week at room temperature
- Measured by Resonant Mass Measurement (RMM) for sub-visible particles
- Measured by Dynamic Image Analysis (DIA) for sub-visible and visible particles

Particles

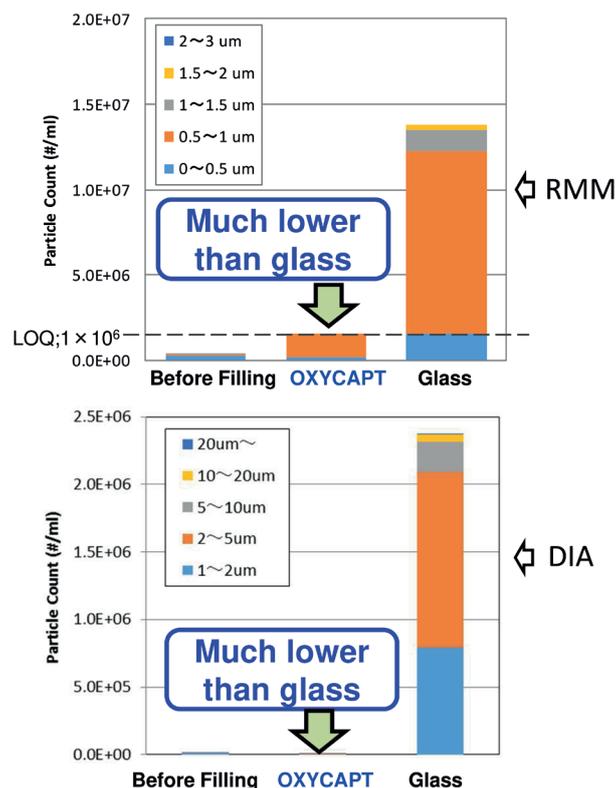


Figure 3: Protein aggregation studies.

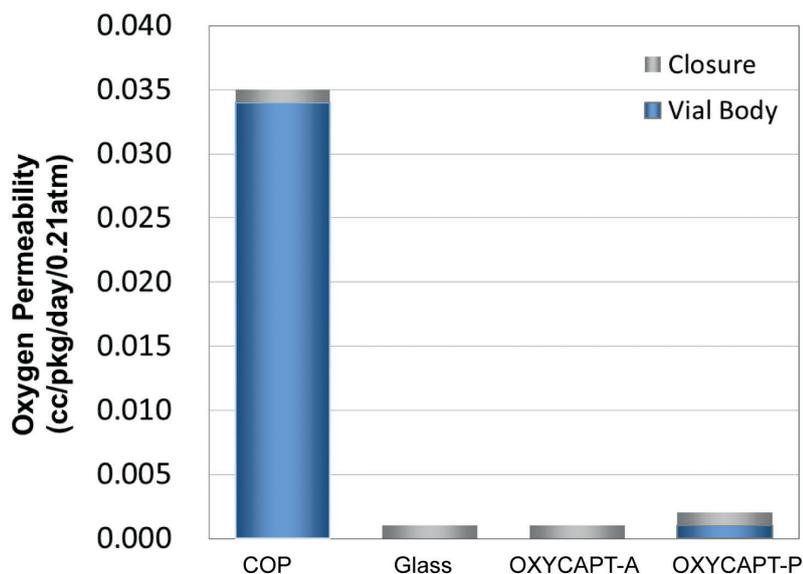


Figure 4: Oxygen barrier of OXYCAPT.

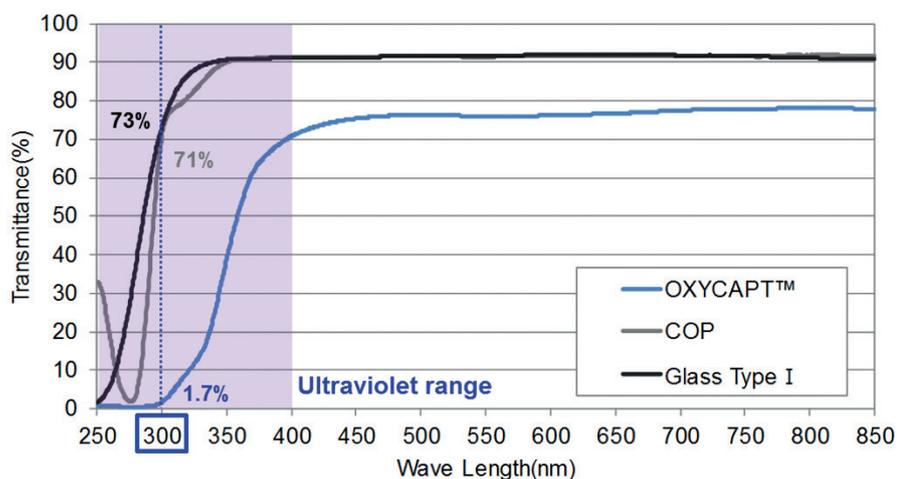


Figure 5: Ultraviolet barrier of OXYCAPT.

(DIA). We found the minimised silicone oil significantly contributes to preventing protein aggregation of the antibody.

There are two types of OXYCAPT multilayer plastic vial and syringe

– OXYCAPT-A and OXYCAPT-P. OXYCAPT-A has achieved a glass-like oxygen barrier (Figure 4). According to some internal studies, OXYCAPT-A can maintain a lower oxygen concentration in

the headspace than Type 1 glass, thanks to its oxygen-absorbing function.

Although there is no oxygen-absorbing function, OXYCAPT-P has also achieved an excellent oxygen barrier. For example, the oxygen barrier of the OXYCAPT-P vial is about 20 times better than that of a COP monolayer vial. OXYCAPT-A is particularly suitable for oxygen-sensitive drugs and OXYCAPT-P is recommended for other less oxygen sensitive drugs.

OXYCAPT also has a UV barrier. For example, although about 70% of UV light of 300 nm transmits through glass and COP, only 1.7% of UV light transmits through OXYCAPT (Figure 5). We have confirmed this feature also contributes to the stability of biologics.

As for the product portfolio, there are four volumes for the OXYCAPT vial and two volumes for the OXYCAPT syringe (see Table 1). All the dimensions of the OXYCAPT vial and syringe are designed in accordance with the ISO standard. We can offer bulk vials, ready-to-use (RTU) vials and RTU syringes. The RTU vials and syringes are placed in ISO-based nest and tub formats and packed with a Tyvek® lid, a Tyvek bag and a high gas-barrier bag (Figures 6 & 7). All the RTU containers are sterilised by gamma.

Recently, we measured the amount of silicone oil leached from the OXYCAPT syringe and the existing Type 1 glass syringe. Each syringe was filled with distilled water and then shaken at 100 rpm for one week at 30°C. A week later, the quantity of leached silicone oil from each syringe was measured by proton nuclear magnetic resonance imaging (¹H NMR). The results showed the amount of silicone oil leached from the OXYCAPT syringe was about seven times less than that from the Type 1 glass syringe (Figure 8).

Container closure integrity (CCI) is one of the important requirements for prefilled syringes. Although dye ingress testing is popular at present, other quantitative analysis such as helium gas testing is also now conducted. In addition to dye ingress testing, we have conducted helium gas testing to confirm the CCI of the OXYCAPT syringe. Results from helium testing showed that both the OXYCAPT 1 mL and 2.25 mL syringes meet the required CCI criteria (Table 2).

As we have been asked to develop stacked-needle multilayer plastic syringes (Figure 9) by some customers, we started tackling the development a few years ago.

Type	Volume	ISO	Parts	Option
Vial	2 mL	ISO 8362-1	Vial	Bulk or RTU
	6 mL	ISO 8362-1	Vial	Bulk or RTU
	10 mL	ISO 8362-1	Vial	Bulk or RTU
	20 mL	ISO 8362-1	Vial	Bulk or RTU
Syringe	1 mL "long"	ISO 11040-6	Barrel, Tip Cap, Stopper, Plunger Rod	RTU
	2.25 mL	ISO 11040-6	Barrel, Tip Cap, Stopper, Plunger Rod	RTU

Table 1: Product portfolio.



Figure 6: Nest and tub for RTU vials.



Figure 7: Nest and tub for RTU syringes.

Test Condition

- Filled with 1 mL water and 5 mm head space
- Shaken at 100 rpm for 1 week at 30°C

Analysis Methods

- ¹H NMR

Test samples

- 1 mL “long” syringe
- 10 samples



OXYCAPT™
1 mL syringe

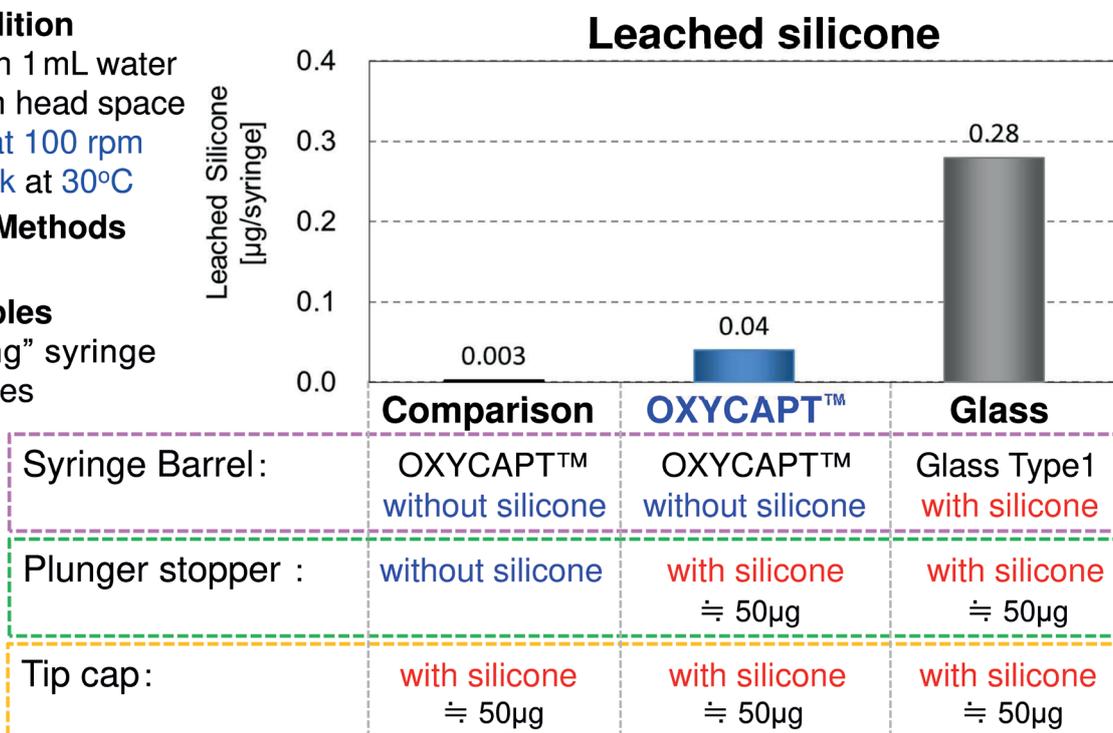


Figure 8: Silicone oil from Type 1 glass syringe and OXYCAPT syringe.

	OXYCAPT S1	OXYCAPT S2.25
Syringe Size	1 mL long	2.25 mL
Stopper	PTFE laminated stopper	PTFE laminated stopper
Sample Quantity	10	
Acceptance Criterion for Helium CCI	<1 x 10 ⁻⁷ [Pa m ³ /s]	
Leak Rate between Stopper and Barrel	< 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ [Pa m ³ /s]	< 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ [Pa m ³ /s]
Leak Rate between Tip Cap and Nozzle	< 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ [Pa m ³ /s]	< 1 x 10 ⁻⁸ [Pa m ³ /s]
Compliance with Helium CCI acceptance criterion?	YES	YES

Table 2: Container closure integrity test results.

We have recently decided to invest in a facility for the staked-needle syringe. The necessary equipment will be installed during 2020. The OXYCAPT syringe with a needle has some special features – it is tungsten free, glue free and adhesive free, and several gauges and lengths will be available.

CONCLUSION

OXYCAPT has been developed to overcome the current problems the pharmaceutical industry is experiencing with syringes and vials made from traditional materials. In addition to special features of COP – such as a high water vapour barrier, high break resistance,

- ✓ OXYCAPT™ multilayer plastic syringe with staked needle
- ✓ Several sizes of gauge and needle length
- ✓ Tungsten-free, Glue-free (This adapter is made by insert molding)
- ✓ Ultrasonic welding with syringe barrel and adapter with needle
- ✓ Adhesive-free
- ✓ ISO 7864 (Needle), ISO 7886-1 (Syringe)



Figure 9: Staked-needle syringe (under development).

very low extractables and low protein adsorption – OXYCAPT can offer a high oxygen and UV barrier. Also, we have conducted extensive testing and developed

innovative products based on customers' requests. We believe OXYCAPT offers numerous substantial benefits to the rapidly growing pharma industry.

ABOUT THE COMPANY

Mitsubishi Gas Chemical (MGC) operates in a wide range of fields, from basic chemicals to fine chemicals and functional materials. MGC established the Advanced Business Development Division in 2012 as a centre to create new businesses, and developed OXYCAPT™ Plastic Vial & Syringe as an alternative to glass containers.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Tomohiro Suzuki joined Mitsubishi Gas Chemical in 1998. He worked in the oxygen absorbers division until 2011, before moving to the advanced business development division in 2012 to be a member of the OXYCAPT development team. Since then, he has been in charge of marketing the OXYCAPT plastic vial and syringe. His current position is associate general manager.



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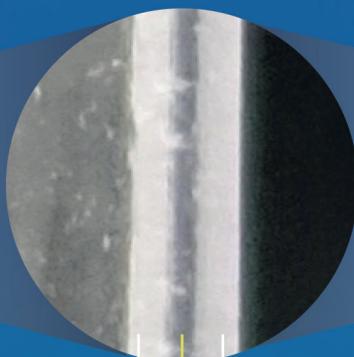
Assessing the risk of interaction between E&Ls and therapeutic proteins

Kim Li, Amgen

Transformation of toxicology data into specific PDE's

OXYCAPT™ Plastic Vial & Syringe

Multilayer Structure



Excellent Oxygen Barrier

High Water Vapor Barrier

Very Low Extractables

Low Protein Adsorption

Excellent Ultraviolet Barrier

High Break Resistance

High pH Stability

Silicone Oil Free Barrel

Pre-sterilized Vial & Syringe

Customizable

Suitable for Biologics

Water Vapor Barrier Layer (COP)

Oxygen Barrier Layer (New Polymer)

Drug Contact Layer (COP)



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